CATHODES - EMITTERS INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Kimball Physics Cathodes (Electron Emitters)

Kimball Physics is a high-tech manufacturer of scientific instruments with over 50 years of experience in ultra-high-vacuum electron and ion optics. The company specializes in high stability electron emitters, precision electrostatic and magnetostatic optics, along with state-of-the-art vacuum chambers and fittings.

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FOR USE IN:

- Scanning Electron Microscopes
- Transmission Electron Microscopes
- Electron Lithography Systems
- Electron Accelerators
- X-ray Sources
- Free Electron Lasers
- Electron Source (Gun) Systems
- Replacement, OEM, Custom Applications

FEATURES / OPTIONS:

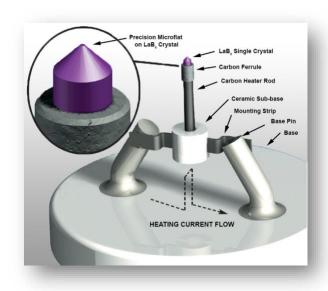
- ➤ Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB₆)
- Exceptional Stability
- Precision machined carbon mounting
- o Superior Optics, Controlled Source Size
- o High-Brightness, Low Energy Spread
- > Tantalum (Ta) Disc
- o High Quality General Purpose
- > Barium Oxide (BaO) Coated Disc
- Low Temperature, Low Light
- Yttria(Y₂O₃) Coated Iridium Disc
- Rugged cathode with less ideal vacuum and usage conditions.

Introduction and Overview

The creation and spatial manipulation of an electron beam provides an exciting opportunity for humankind to interact with our sub-micron world. This beam of electrons gives us the ability to 1) observe morphological features that are orders of magnitudes beyond our innate senses, 2) probe/query information about the structure's properties, and 3) freeze a moment in time of very rapidly vibrating or moving structures. And beyond visualizing and measuring our nanoscopic world, a spatially and temporally controlled electron beam also allows us to manipulate, process, and micro-machine sub-micron structures with precision.

The sources of the electrons used in these negatively charged particle beams are commonly referred to by several names including electron emitters, cathodes, hot cathodes or electron sources.

Kimball Physics has a long history (over 50 years and has won the prestigious I.R 100 Award for our LaB₆ cathode design) of providing precise and reliable thermionic sources of electrons for use in a variety of scientific,

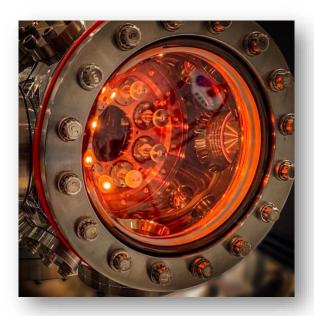


Electron Emitter Example: LaB_6 single crystal cathode mounting. Heating current path through precision-machined, single-piece carbon rod and mounting strips; sub-base provides rigidity and easier mounting.

manufacturing and clinical applications that include scanning and transmission microscopy, lithography, x-ray generation, free electron lasers, and electron accelerators including our own electron sources (guns) that also include world-class electron optics.

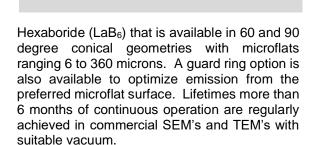
Based on the requirements of the application, which typically include parameters such as beam current, emission current density (cathode loading) and brightness, the eventual spot size, energy spread, and the environment (stability and degree of vacuum), the appropriate electron emitter can be selected from our various configurations and materials for your specific application (see table below).

Kimball Physics has several cathode options including extended lifetime, stable, high brightness single-crystal <100> Lanthanum

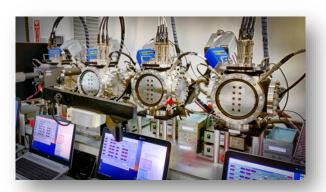


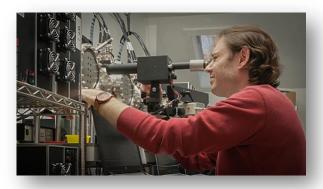


We have LaB₆ Cathodes available for most electron microscope bases used in the industry. Please check out our *Electron Microscope* section, tables, and product list.



The LaB $_6$ crystal is mounted on the end of a single-piece, stress-free, carbon heater rod, held in place by a carbon ferrule. The rod has been precision machined with a 100 μ m slot cut along the axis, such that the heating current goes up one side and down the other. The small area of





Cathode Testing Laboratory: Cathodes are individually evaluated to be within specified tolerances and receive a stabilizing run-up prior to shipment. The upper image shows a close-up of selected cathodes at temperature in a MCF vacuum chamber. The middle image shows one section of a large fleet of systems used for cathode testing. The lower panel shows the classic optical pyrometer used for measuring cathode temperatures.

the heating current loop keeps the unwanted heater current magnetic field low. Because the carbon rod is one single piece with a unique geometry at the crystal interface, no heating current passes through the crystal and thereby allows precise and stable heating of the system; there are no high temperature current-carrying joints as there are found in other mounting systems. A high degree of axial symmetry keeps mechanical motions minimized. The small physical size fits most Wehnelts with ease. In the ES-423E, the crystal can be completely evaporated away without affecting the heating circuit. The very tight tolerances and the enclosed structure prevent the loss of LaB6 in the mounting region throughout the entire crystal life. Reduced material loss also means less Wehnelt contamination.

The LaB₆ is also available in planer surface configurations with diameters up to 1.78 mm for high brightness, high-current applications.

Kimball Physics also has a high-quality line of precision disc cathodes with several emission surface diameters available that either utilize Tantalum (Ta) for general purpose applications, Barium Oxide (BaO) coated disc for low temperature, low light environments and Yttria

coated Iridium disc when a more rugged cathode is needed with less ideal vacuum and usage conditions.

The electron emitters are available on standardized AEI bases, along with most electron microscopic system bases (LaB₆ cathodes) used throughout the industry. Custom bases can also be designed and fabricated based on the customer's needs.

All cathodes are 1) individually evaluated to be within specified tolerances 2) receive a stabilizing run-up prior to shipment and 3) are mounted and shipped vacuum clean and ready to install in high quality protective containers.

Many of the emitters/cathodes provided by Kimball Physics have been innovated, designed, and manufactured for the customized specifications of our customers. If you do not see the configuration and parameters in an electron emitter that you need, please reach out to Kimball Physics to engage our physicists, engineers, and micro-fabrication specialists. Also, please inquire about options for replacement or OEM applications.





Cathode transporter with anodized aluminum base and sealable clear cover to protect the cathode during storage and transport. This example shows cathode ES-423E, a LaB₆ single crystal mounted on the end of a single piece of carbon heater rod, with a carbon ferrule to secure the LaB₆.

Kimball Physics Cathode Comparison Table

| Cathode Material | Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB ₆) | Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB ₆) | Tantalum (Ta) | Barium Oxide (BaO) | Yttrium oxide (Y ₂ O ₃) |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Cathode Configuration | -Conical config. with microflat (ES-423E) -Guard Ring over conical config. with microflat (ES-423GR) | Single Crystal Planer Disc (ES-440) | Planer Disc | Planer Disc | Planer Disc |
| Description / Features / Options | -High brightness single crystal -very small diameter microflats - Long lifetime and reliability -Guard ring option | -High brightness single crystal - Long lifetime and reliability -Planer disc <100> -High beam currents | -General purpose planer disc -Sturdy, stable uniform electron emission | BaO coated disc -Low light -Low operating temperature | Yttria coated iridium disc -Rugged -Chemically resistant -Higher operating pressures |
| Work Function | 2.69 eV(<100>) | 2.69 eV(<100>) | 4.1 eV | 1.0 – 1.8 eV | 2.6 eV |
| Energy Spread | 0.4 eV | 0.4 eV | 0.6 eV | 0.3 eV | 0.6 eV |
| Operating Temperature | 1700-1900 K | 1700-1900 K | 2200 K | 1150 K | 1800 K |
| Emission Current | i.e. 0.51 mA (15 micron microflat dimension) | 0.5 A | 1-5 mA | 5 μA to 2 mA | 1 – 10 mA |
| Cathode Loading (Emission Current Density) | 20 – 30 A/cm ² | Up to 20 A/cm ² | 0.25 A/cm ² | 0.1 A/cm ² | 0.5 A/cm ² |
| Brightness (A/cm²/sr) | >106 | >106 | | | |
| Vacuum Conditions | <10 ⁻⁷ torr | <10 ⁻⁷ torr | <10 ⁻⁵ torr | < 10 ⁻⁷ torr | <10 ⁻⁴ torr Iridium heater <10 ⁻⁵ Tungsten heater |
| Melting Point | 2480 K | 2480 K | 3290 K | 2196 K | 2698 K |
| Resorption Rate | ~0.025 microns/hour ~2.2 x 10-9 g/cm ² ·sec | ~0.025 microns/hour ~2.2 x 10-9 g/cm ² -sec | | | |
| Richardson Constant** | 29 A/m ² K ² | 29 A/m ² K ² | | | |
| Applications | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Electron Sources (Guns) | • | • | • | • | • |
| SEM) | • | | | | |
| TEM | • | | | | |
| EPMA | • | | | | |
| X-Ray Sources | • | | | | |
| Electron Lithography | • | | | | |
| Product Details | | | I | | I |
| Bases Available | AEI, CB-104, custom *Electron Microscopes (see list below)- | AEI, custom | AEI, CB-104, CB- 105 | AEI, CB-104 | AEI, CB-104, CB- 105 |
| Microflat dimensions (microns) available (if applicable) | 6, 15, 20, 300, 330 ***Electron Microscopes- 6, 15, 20 microns | | | | |
| Conical Angles (if applicable) | 60, 90 degrees.(flat- 180 also available) | | | | |
| Planer Disc Dimensions (if applicable) | N/A | Dia. 1.78 mm (standard) | Dia. 0.033"(~0.84 mm) Dia. 0.048"(~1.22 mm) Dia. 0.062"(~1.58 mm) | Dia. 0.033"(~0.84 mm) Dia. 0.048"(~1.22 mm) Dia. 0.062"(~1.58 mm) | Dia. 0.033"(~0.84 mm) Dia. 0.048"(~1.22 mm) Dia. 0.062"(~1.58 mm) |

^{*}Electron Microscope Bases Available: Zeiss, VG-AEI replacement, VG, Philips, Perkin Elmer/ ETEC, Leica-AEI, JEOL-K, JEOL-GC (JSM, JEOL-E, ISI 2-pin, Hitachi S, ETEC, Electroscan-AEI, Camscan-AEI, Camsca-AEI, BioRad-AEI, Amray, AEI
* Configurations Available: Code (Cone angle – microflat size(microns): 60-06, 90-15, 90-20

Note- not all combinations are available (Cone angle, microflat dimension, with/without GR and base style, or Disc dimension and base). However, custom options are often available. ** Richardson constant (A/m^2K^2) LaB₆ = 29, Other materials for reference CeB₆ = 3.6

Kimball Physics Cathode /Electron Emitters Product Lists

Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB₆) Cathodes



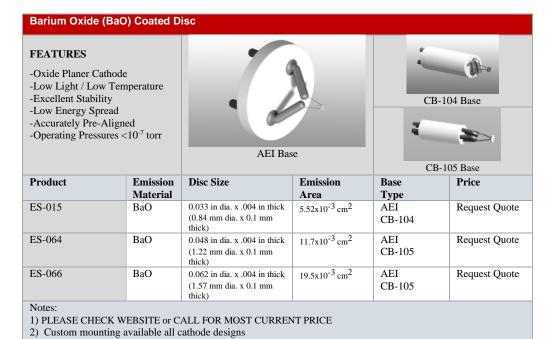
- 1) PLEASE CHECK WEBSITE or CALL FOR MOST CURRENT PRICE
- 2) *Custom Microflat Configurations: Custom microflats XX*< 100 microns, XXX* >= 100 and < 330 microns
- 3) **Guard Ring Cathodes- custom microflat dimensions available
- 3) Custom mounting available all cathode designs
- 4) Electron Microscopes- most microscope bases available, please see separate table.

Tantalum (Ta) Disc Cathodes

Tantalum (Ta) Disc Cathode **FEATURES** -General Purpose Refractory Metal Planer Cathode -Exceptional Stability CB-104 Base -Low Energy Spread -Not harmed by Repeated Exposure to Atmosphere -Accurately Pre-aligned -Operating Pressures <10⁻⁵ torr or **AEI Base** CB-105 Base better Product Emission Disc Size **Emission Area** Base Price Material Type ES-042 0.033 in dia. x .004 in Ta $5.52 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}^2$ AEI Request Quote thick (0.84 mm dia. x CB-104 0.1 mm thick) ES-044 Ta AEI 0.048 in dia. x .004 in $11.7x10^{-3}$ cm² Request Quote thick (1.22 mm dia. x CB-105 0.1 mm thick) ES-046 Ta AEI Request Quote 0.062 in dia. x .004 in $19.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}^2$ thick (1.57 mm dia. x CB-105 0.1 mm thick)

- 1) PLEASE CHECK WEBSITE or CALL FOR MOST CURRENT PRICE
- 2) Please inquire about custom bases and disc sizes.

Barium Oxide (BaO) Disc Cathodes



Yttrium (Y2O3)Coated Iridium Disc Cathodes

Yttria Coated Iridium Disc **FEATURES** -Yttrium Oxide (Y2O3) Coating -Operation Poor Vacuum Conditions CB-104 Base -Iridium Planer Disc Cathode -Resists Oxidation -Exceptional Stability -Low Energy Spread -Operating Pressures <10⁻⁷ torr CB-105 Base AEI Base Product Emission Disc Size **Emission Area** Base Price Material Type 5.5 x10⁻³cm² 0.033 in dia. x .004 ES-535 Y_2O_3 AEI Request Quote in thick (0.84 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick) 5.5 x10⁻³ cm² ES-535W Y_2O_3 0.033 in dia. x .004 AEI Request Quote in thick CB-104 (0.84 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick) 1.17 x10⁻² cm² ES-526 Y_2O_3 0.048 in dia. x .004 AEI Request Quote in thick CB-105 (1.22 mm dia..x 0.1 mm thick) 1.95 x10⁻² cm² ES-529 Y_2O_3 0.062 in dia. x .004 AEI Request Quote in thick CB-105 (1.57 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick) Notes:

- 1) PLEASE CHECK WEBSITE or CALL FOR MOST CURRENT PRICE
- 2) Custom mounting available all cathode designs

Kimball Physics LaB₆ Cathode Electron Microscope Bases

| LaB ₆ Cathode | ES-423E-90/15 | ES-423E-90/20 | ES-423E-60/6 |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Features | -Extended Lifetime -High Brightness -Low Energy Spread | -Extended Lifetime -High Brightness -Low Energy Spread | -Extended Lifetime -High Brightness -Low Energy Spread -High resolution |
| Application | SEM, TEM | Analytical SEM, Microprobe | TEM |
| Material | LaB ₆ | LaB ₆ | LaB ₆ |
| Cone Angle(degrees) | 90 | 90 | 60 |
| Microflat (microns) | 15 | 20 | 6 |
| Price | Request Quote | Request Quote | Request Quote |
| AEI (Standard) | • | • | • |
| Company Base | | | |
| Amary | • | • | • |
| BioRad (AEI) | • | • | • |
| Cameca (AEI) | • | • | • |
| CamScan (AEI) | • | • | • |
| ETEC / Perkins Elmer | • | • | • |
| Electroscan (AEI) | • | • | • |
| Hitachi S | • | • | • |
| ISI 2 Pin | • | • | • |
| JEOL E | • | • | • |
| JEOL GC (JSM) | • | • | • |
| JEOL K | • | • | • |
| Leica (AEI) | • | • | • |
| Philips | • | • | • |
| VG | • | • | • |
| VG- AEI Replacement | • | • | • |
| Zeiss | • | • | • |

Notes:

- PLEASE CHECK WEBSITE or CALL FOR MOST CURRENT PRICE
 Custom mounting available all cathode designs
- 3) Please call Kimball Physics if your base in not listed in the table or for clarification. 4) (ABT, Topcon, see ISI), (Tescan, LEO, see Zeiss), (FEI, see Philips)

References

For more information on Kimball Physics Cathodes and LaB₆ operation in TEM's and SEM's you may download additional detailed technical bulletins from the website resource page:

Technical Bulletins:

- # LaB $_{6}$ -01 General Guidelines for Operating LaB6 Cathodes.
- # LaB₆-02 The Relationship Between LaB₆ and Cathode Life and Gun Vacuum
- # LaB₆-03 Emission Drift—LaB₆ and Gun Stability.
- # LaB₆-04 Oxygen Activation of LaB₆ Cathodes—The Double Saturation Effect
- $\# \ LaB_6-05 \ Kimball \ Physics \ ES-423E \ LaB_6 \ Cathode \ Style \ 60-06 \ (60^{\circ} \ Included \ Cone \ Angle, \ 6\mu m \ Diameter \ Flat)$
- # LaB₆-06 Kimball Physics ES-423E LaB₆ Cathode Operating Instructions for LEICA/Cambridge
- # LaB₆-07 Recovery of Emission From ES-423E LaB₆ Cathodes Following a Vacuum Dump

LaB₆ ES423-E

LaB6 Cathode (ES-423E) - Cathodes / Emitters- Extended Life LaB6 Cathode- Description and Specifications

LaB₆ ES423-GR

LaB6 Cathode (ES-423GR) - Cathodes / Emitters- Extended Life LaB6 Cathode- Description and Specifications

LaB₆ ES440

LaB6 Cathode (ES-440) - Cathodes / Emitters- Extended Life LaB6 Cathode- Description and Specifications

LaB₆ ES423-Microscopes

Barium Oxide Cathodes

Barium Oxide Cathodes / Emitters- Description and Specifications

Tantalum Cathodes

Tantalum (Ta) Cathodes / Emitters- Description and Specifications

Yttria Coated Cathodes

Yttria Coated Iridium Cathodes / Emitters- Description and Specifications

Notes:

- 1. Charts /graphs show typical performance, data is for guidance only
- 2. It is not necessarily possible to achieve all maximum specifications simultaneously.
- 3. Specifications Subject to Change Without Notice.
- 4. Refer to website or call for current pricing.
- 4. DE Altobelli 12/19/2022

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