Kimball Physics Cathodes (Electron Emitters)

Kimball Physics is a high-tech manufacturer of scientific instruments with over 50 years of experience in ultra-high-vacuum electron and ion optics. The company specializes in high stability electron emitters, precision electrostatic and magnetostatic optics, along with state of the art vacuum chambers and fittings.

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Excellence in Electron and Ion Optics

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FOR USE IN:

- Scanning Electron Microscopes
- Transmission Electron Microscopes
- Electron Lithography Systems
- Electron Accelerators
- X-ray Sources
- Free Electron Lasers
- Electron Source (Gun) Systems
- Replacement, OEM, Custom Applications

FEATURES / OPTIONS:

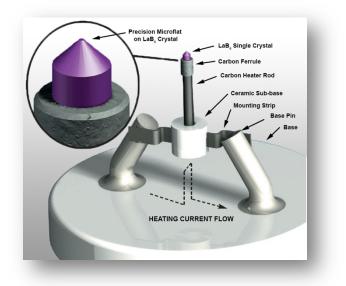
- Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB₆)
- o Exceptional Stability
- o Precision machined carbon mounting
- Superior Optics, Controlled Source Size
- High-Brightness, Low Energy Spread
- > Tantalum (Ta) Disc
- High Quality General Purpose
- > Barium Oxide (BaO) Coated Disc
- Low Temperature, Low Light
- > Yttria(Y₂O₃) Coated Iridium Disc
- Rugged cathode with less ideal vacuum and usage conditions.

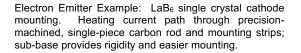
Introduction and Overview

The creation and spatial manipulation of an electron beam provides an exciting opportunity for humankind to interact with our sub-micron world. This beam of electrons gives us the ability to 1) observe morphological features that are orders of magnitudes beyond our innate senses, 2) probe/query information about the structure's properties, and 3) freeze a moment in time of very rapidly vibrating or moving structures. And beyond visualizing and measuring our nanoscopic world, a spatially and temporally controlled electron beam also allows us to manipulate, process, and micro-machine sub-micron structures with precision.

The sources of the electrons used in these negatively charged particle beams are commonly referred to by several names including electron emitters, cathodes, hot cathodes or electron sources.

Kimball Physics has a long history (over 50 years and has won the prestigious I.R 100 Award for our LaB₆ cathode design) of providing precise and reliable thermionic sources of electrons for use in a variety of scientific,

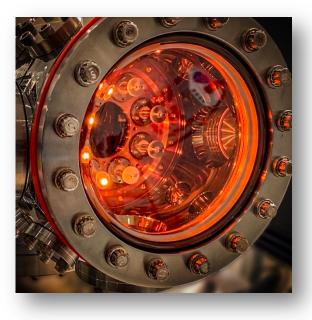




manufacturing and clinical applications that include scanning and transmission microscopy, lithography, x-ray generation, free electron lasers, and electron accelerators including our own electron sources (guns) that also include world-class electron optics.

Based on the requirements of the application, which typically include parameters such as beam current, emission current density (cathode loading) and brightness, the eventual spot size, energy spread, and the environment (stability and degree of vacuum), the appropriate electron emitter can be selected from our various configurations and materials for your specific application (see table below).

Kimball Physics has several cathode options including extended lifetime, stable, high brightness single-crystal (100) Lanthanum

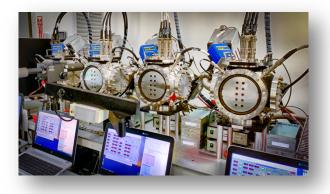




We have LaB₆ Cathodes available for most electron microscope bases used in the industry. Please check out our *Electron Microscope* section, tables, and product list.

Hexaboride (LaB_6) that is available in 60 and 90 degree conical geometries with microflats ranging 6 to 360 microns. A guard ring option is also available to optimize emission from the preferred microflat surface. Lifetimes in excess of 6 months of continuous operation are regularly achieved in commercial SEM's and TEM's with suitable vacuum.

The LaB₆ crystal is mounted on the end of a single-piece, stress-free, carbon heater rod, held in place by a carbon ferrule. The rod has been precision machined with a 100 μ m slot cut along the axis, such that the heating current goes up one side and down the other. The small area of





Cathode Testing Laboratory: Cathodes are individually evaluated to be within specified tolerances and receive a stabilizing run-up prior to shipment. The upper image shows a close-up of selected cathodes at temperature in a MCF vacuum chamber. The middle image shows one section of a large fleet of systems used for cathode testing. The lower panel shows the classic optical pyrometer used for measuring cathode temperatures. the heating current loop keeps the unwanted heater current magnetic field low. Because the carbon rod is one single piece with a unique geometry at the crystal interface, no heating current passes through the crystal and thereby allows precise and stable heating of the system; there are no high temperature current-carrying joints as there are found in other mounting systems. A high degree of axial symmetry keeps mechanical motions minimized. The small physical size fits most Wehnelts with ease. In the ES-423E, the crystal can be completely evaporated away without affecting the heating circuit. The very tight tolerances and the enclosed structure prevent the loss of LaB₆ in the mounting region throughout the entire crystal life. Reduced material loss also means less Wehnelt contamination.

The LaB₆ is also available in planer surface configurations with diameters up to 1.78 mm for high brightness, high-current applications.

Kimball Physics also has a high quality line of precision disc cathodes with several emission surface diameters available that either utilize Tantalum(Ta) for general purpose applications, Barium Oxide (BaO) coated disc for low temperature, low light environments and Yttria coated Iridium disc when a more rugged cathode is needed with less ideal vacuum and usage conditions.

The electron emitters are available on standardized AEI bases, along with most electron microscopic system bases (LaB_6 cathodes) used throughout the industry. Custom bases can also be designed and fabricated based on the customer's needs.

All cathodes are 1) individually evaluated to be within specified tolerances 2) receive a stabilizing run-up prior to shipment and 3) are mounted and shipped vacuum clean and ready to install in high quality protective containers.

Many of the emitters/cathodes provided by Kimball Physics have been innovated, designed and manufactured for the customized specifications of our customers. If you do not see the configuration and parameters in an electron emitter that you need, please reach out to Kimball Physics to engage our physicists, engineers, and micro-fabrication specialists. Also, please inquire about options for replacement or OEM applications.



Cathode transporter with anodized aluminum base and sealable clear cover to protect the cathode during storage and transport. This example shows cathode ES-423E, a LaB₆ single crystal mounted on the end of a single piece of carbon heater rod, with a carbon ferrule to secure the LaB₆.

Kimball Physics Cathode Comparison Table

Cathode Material	Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB₀)	Lanthanum Hexaboride (LaB₀)	Tantalum (Ta)	Barium Oxide (BaO)	Yttrium oxide (Y ₂ O ₃)
Cathode Configuration	-Conical config. with microflat (ES-423E) -Guard Ring over conical config. with microflat(ES-423GR)	Single Crystal Planer Disc (ES-440)	Planer Disc	Planer Disc	Planer Disc
Description / Features / Options	-High brightness single crystal -very small diameter microflats - Long lifetime and reliability -Guard ring option	-High brightness single crystal - Long lifetime and reliability -Planer disc <100> -High beam currents	-General purpose planer disc -Sturdy, stable uniform electron emission	BaO coated disc -Low light -Low operating temperature	Yttria coated iridium disc -Rugged -Chemically resistant -Higher operating pressures
Work Function	2.69 eV(<100>)	2.69 eV(<100>)	4.1 eV	1.0 – 1.8 eV	2.6 eV
Energy Spread	0.4 eV	0.4 eV	0.6 eV	0.3 eV	0.6 eV
Operating Temperature	1700-1900 K	1700-1900 K	2200 K	1150 K	1800 K
Emission Current	i.e. 0.51 mA (15 micron microflat dimension)	0.5 A	1-5 mA	5 µA to 2 mA	1 – 10 mA
Cathode Loading (Emission Current Density)	20 – 30 A/cm ²	Up to 20 A/cm ²	0.25 A/cm ²	0.1 A/cm ²	0.5 A/cm ²
Brightness (A/cm²/sr)	>10 ⁶	>10 ⁶			
Vacuum Conditions	<10 ⁻⁷ torr	<10 ⁻⁷ torr	<10 ⁻⁵ torr	< 10 ⁻⁷ torr	<10 ⁻⁴ torr Iridium heater <10 ⁻⁵ Tungsten heater
Melting Point	2480 K	2480 K	3290 K	2196 K	2698 K
Resorption Rate	~0.025 microns/hour ~2.2 x 10-9 g/cm ² .sec	~0.025 microns/hour ~2.2 x 10-9 g/cm ² :sec			
Richardson Constant**	29 A/m ² K ²	29 A/m ² K ²			
Applications			1	1	1
Electron Sources (Guns)	•	•	•	•	•
SEM)	•				
TEM	•				
EPMA	•				
X-Ray Sources	•				
Electron Lithography Product Details	•				
Bases Available	AEI, CB-104,	AEI, custom	AEI, CB-104, CB-	AEI, CB-104	AEI, CB-104, CB-
Dases Avaliable	AEI, CD-104, custom *Electron Microscopes (see list below)-	AEI, custoin	105	AEI, CD-104	105
Microflat dimensions (microns) available (if applicable)	6, 15, 20, 300, 330 ***Electron Microscopes- 6, 15, 20 microns				
Conical Angles (if applicable)	60, 90 degrees.(flat- 180 also available)				
Planer Disc Dimensions (if applicable)	N/A	Dia. 1.78 mm (standard)	Dia. 0.033"(~0.84 mm) Dia. 0.048"(~1.22 mm) Dia. 0.062"(~1.58 mm)	Dia. 0.033"(~0.84 mm) Dia. 0.048"(~1.22 mm) Dia. 0.062"(~1.58 mm)	Dia. 0.033"(~0.84 mm) Dia. 0.048"(~1.22 mm) Dia. 0.062"(~1.58 mm)

*Electron Microscope Bases Available: Zeiss, VG-AEI replacement, VG, Philips, Perkin Elmer/ ETEC, Leica-AEI, JEOL-K, JEOL-GC (JSM, JEOL-E, ISI 2-pin, Hitachi S, ETEC, Electroscan-AEI, Camscan-AEI, Gameca-AEI, BioRad-AEI, Amray, AEI * Configurations Available: Code (Cone angle – microflat size(microns): 60-06, 90-15, 90-20 Note- not all combinations are available (Cone angle, microflat dimension, with/without GR and base style, or Disc dimension and base). However, custom options are

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Kimball Physics Cathode /Electron Emitters Product and Price Lists

Lanthanium Hexaborio	de (LaB₀)				
FEATURES		Microflat Diameter C (microns)	one Angle (degrees)	AEI Base	LaB, Guard Ring Cathode
-Single Crystal(100) -High Current -High Brightness -Emission Current Densiti A/cm ² -Long Lifetime -Operating Pressures <10 ⁻¹				CB-104 Base	Large Diameter Cathode
Product	Emission	Cone Angle	Microflat	Base	Price
	Material	(Degrees)	(Microns)	Туре	
ES-423E 60-06	LaB ₆	60	6	AEI	\$800
EC 422E 00 15	LD	90	15	CB-104	\$805
ES-423E 90-15		AEI CB-104	\$775 \$805		
ES-423E 90-20	LaB ₆	90	20	AEI	\$775
E3-425E 90-20	LaD ₆	90	20	CB-104	\$805
ES-423E 90-300	LaB ₆	90	300	AEI	\$1045
				CB-104	\$1075
ES-423E 90-XX	LaB ₆	90	XX*	AEI	\$820
				CB-104	\$850
ES-423E 90-	LaB ₆	90	XXX*	AEI	\$945
				CB-104	\$975
ES-423E 180-330	LaB_6	180 (Flat)	330	AEI	\$1045
Guard Ring Cathode		1			
ES-423E-GR025 AEI	LaB ₆		25**	AEI	\$2120
Large Diameter Cathode	LD	F1 (440	ATT	D (0)(
ES-440 SG AEI	LaB ₆	Flat	440	AEI	Request Quot

4) Electron Microscopes- most microscope bases available, please see separate table.

, í	Disc Cathode				
FEATURES -General Purpose Refractory Metal Planer Cathode -Exceptional Stability -Low Energy Spread -Not harmed by Repeated Exposure to Atmosphere -Accurately Pre-aligned -Operating Pressures <10 ⁻⁵ torr or better		AEI Base		CB-104 Base CB-105 Base	
Product	Emission Material	Disc Size	Emission Area	Base Type	Price
ES-042	Та	0.033 in dia. x .004 in thick (0.84 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	5.52x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI CB-104	\$108 \$138
ES-044	Та	0.048 in dia. x .004 in thick (1.22 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	11.7x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI CB-105	\$195 \$225
ES-046	Та	0.062 in dia. x .004 in thick (1.57 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	19.5x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI CB-105	\$278 \$308

Barium Oxide	(BaO) Coated D	isc			
FEATURES -Oxide Planer Cathode -Low Light / Low Temperature -Excellent Stability -Low Energy Spread -Accurately Pre-Aligned -Operating Pressures <10 ⁻⁷ torr		AEI Base		CB-104 Base	
		ALL Du	3 C	C	B-105 Base
Product	Emission Material	Disc Size	Emission Area	Base Type	Price
ES-015	BaO	0.033 in dia. x .004 in thick (0.84 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	$5.52 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}^2$	AEI CB-104	\$235 \$265
ES-064	BaO	0.048 in dia. x .004 in thick (1.22 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	11.7x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI CB-105	\$298 \$328
ES-066	BaO	0.062 in dia. x .004 in thick (1.57 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	19.5x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI CB-105	\$384 \$414

	um Disc				
FEATURES -Yttrium Oxide (Y ₂ O ₃) Coating -Operation Poor Vacuum Conditions -Iridium Planer Disc Cathode -Resists Oxidation -Exceptional Stability -Low Energy Spread -Operating Pressures <10 ⁻⁷ torr		AEI Base		CB-104 Base CB-105 Base	
Product	Emission Material	Disc Size	Emission Area	Base Type	Price
ES-535	Y ₂ O ₃	0.033 in dia. x .004 in thick (0.84 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	5.5 x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI	\$395
ES-535W	Y ₂ O ₃	0.033 in dia. x .004 in thick (0.84 mm dia. x 0.1 mm thick)	5.5 x10 ⁻³ cm ²	AEI CB-104	\$285 \$360
FG 52(Y ₂ O ₃	0.048 in dia. x .004 in thick (1.22 mm dia.x 0.1 mm thick)	1.17 x10 ⁻² cm ²	AEI CB-105	\$376 \$406
ES-526			1.95 x10 ⁻² cm ²	AEI	\$450

LaB ₆ Cathode	ES-423E-90/15	ES-423E-90/20	ES-423E-60/6
Features	-Extended Lifetime -High Brightness -Low Energy Spread	-Extended Lifetime -High Brightness -Low Energy Spread	-Extended Lifetime -High Brightness -Low Energy Spread -High resolution
Application	SEM, TEM	Analytical SEM, Microprobe	TEM
Material	LaB ₆	LaB ₆	LaB ₆
Cone Angle(degrees)	90	90	60
Microflat (microns)	15	20	6
Price	\$775	\$775	\$775
AEI (Standard)	•	•	•
Company Base			
Amary	•	•	•
BioRad (AEI)	•	•	•
Cameca (AEI)	•	•	•
CamScan (AEI)	•	•	•
ETEC / Perkins Elmer	•	•	•
Electroscan (AEI)	•	•	•
Hitachi S	•	•	•
ISI 2 Pin	•	•	•
JEOL E	•	•	•
JEOL GC (JSM)	•	•	•
JEOL K	•	•	•
Leica (AEI)	•	•	•
Philips	•	•	•
VG	•	•	•
VG- AEI Replacement	•	•	•
Zeiss	•	•	•

Kimball Physics LaB₆ Cathode Electron Microscope Bases

4) (ABT, Topcon, see ISI) , (Tescan, LEO, see Zeiss), (FEI, see Philips)

References

For more information on LaB₆ operation in TEM's and SEM's you may download additional detailed technical bulletins (not listed below) from the website cathode support page:

- <u># LaB₆-01 General Guidelines for Operating LaB6 Cathodes.</u>
- <u># LaB₆-02 The Relationship Between LaB₆ and Cathode Life and Gun Vacuum</u>
- <u># LaB₆-03 Emission Drift—LaB₆ and Gun Stability.</u>
- <u># LaB₆-04 Oxygen Activation of LaB₆ Cathodes—The Double Saturation Effect</u>
- #LaB_-05 Kimball Physics ES-423E LaB_ Cathode Style 60-06 (60° Included Cone Angle, 6µm Diameter Flat)
- <u># LaB₆-06 Kimball Physics ES-423E LaB₆ Cathode Operating Instructions for LEICA/Cambridge</u> <u># LaB₆-07 Recovery of Emission From ES-423E LaB₆ Cathodes Following a Vacuum Dump</u>

LaB₆ ES423-E

LaB6 Cathode (ES-423E) - Cathodes / Emitters- Extended Life LaB6 Cathode- Description and Specifications https://www.kimballphysics.com/downloadable/download/sample/sample_id/1292/

LaB₆ ES423-GR

LaB6 Cathode (ES-423GR) - Cathodes / Emitters- Extended Life LaB6 Cathode- Description and Specifications (pending)

LaB₆ ES440

LaB6 Cathode (ES-440) - Cathodes / Emitters- Extended Life LaB6 Cathode- Description and Specifications https://www.kimballphysics.com/downloadable/download/sample/sample_id/1291/

LaB₆ ES423-Microscopes

(pending)

Barium Oxide Cathodes

Barium Oxide Cathodes / Emitters- Description and Specifications https://www.kimballphysics.com/downloadable/download/sample/sample_id/1283/

Tantalum Cathodes

Tantalum (Ta) Cathodes / Emitters- Description and Specifications https://www.kimballphysics.com/downloadable/download/sample/sample_id/1284/

Yttria Coated Cathodes

Yttria Coated Iridium Cathodes / Emitters- Description and Specifications https://www.kimballphysics.com/downloadable/download/sample/sample_id/1282/

Notes:

- 1. Charts /graphs show typical performance, data is for guidance only
- 2. It is not necessarily possible to achieve all maximum specifications simultaneously.
- 3. Specifications Subject to Change Without Notice.
- 4. DE Altobelli 03/26/2021

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